

# Lesson 42

# 504

# Absolutely Essential Words

# 1. maintain



**Keep;**  
**Keep up;**  
**Carry on;**  
**Uphold;**  
**Support;**  
**Declare to be true**

**A.** Angelo **maintained** his **hold** on the jagged rock though his fingers were becoming numb.

با اینکه انگشتان آنجلو داشتند بی حس می شدند،  
صخره ی ناهموار را محکم نگه داشت.  
محکم به صخره ناهموار چنگ زد.

# 1. maintain



**Keep;**  
**Keep up;**  
**Carry on;**  
**Uphold;**  
**Support;**  
**Declare to be true**

**B.** The judge **maintained** his opinion that the verdict was **fair**.

قاضی بر این باور بود که رای عادلانه است.

قاضی بر این باور باقی ماند که رای عادلانه است.

# 1. maintain



**Keep;**  
**Keep up;**  
**Carry on;**  
**Uphold;**  
**Support;**  
**Declare to be true**

**C.** The **pauper** was unable to **maintain** his family without the help of charity.

فرد بیچاره قادر نبود خانواده اش را بدون کمک خیریه حمایت کند.

## 2. snub



**Treat coldly,  
scornfully, or with  
contempt;**

**Cold treatment**

**A.** Darryl later apologized **to** Sally for **snubbing** her at the dance.

داریل بعدها **از** سالی به خاطر **کم محلی** به او در رقص  
معذرت خواهی کرد.

## 2. snub



**Treat coldly,  
scornfully, or with  
contempt;**

**Cold treatment**

**B.** Sandra **was tormented** by the thought that she might be **snubbed** by her classmates.

ساندرا از فکر این که ممکن است **مورد تمسخر** همکلاسی هایش قرار گیرد، رنج می برد.

## 2. snub



**Treat coldly,  
scornfully, or with  
contempt;**

**Cold treatment**

**C.** I considered it a rude snub when I was not invited to the party.

دعوت نشدنم به میهمانی را توهینی بی ادبانه تلقی کردم.

# 3. endure



**Last;**  
**Keep on;**  
**Undergo;**  
**Bear;**  
**Stand**

**A.** How can you endure such disrespect?

چطور می توانی چنین بی حرمتی را تحمل کنی؟



# 3. endure



**Last;  
Keep on;  
Undergo;  
Bear;  
Stand**

**B.** The valiant officer **endured** serious **burns** on September 11th.

افسر پلیس شجاع **سختگی های** جدی را در یازدهم سپتامبر **تحمل کرد**.

# 3. endure



**Last;  
Keep on;  
Undergo;  
Bear;  
Stand**

**C.** Dr. Hardy was confident he could **endure** the hardships of space travel.

دکتر هاردی مطمئن بود که می تواند سختی های سفر فضایی را تحمل کند.

# 4. wrath



**Very great anger;**

**Rage**

**A.** Anticipating Father's wrath, we tried to give him the news slowly.

چون **خشم** پدر را پیش بینی می کردیم، تلاش کردیم  
خبر را آرام آرام به او بدهیم.

با پیش بینی **خشم** پدر، تلاش کردیم خبر را آرام آرام به  
او بدهیم.

# 4. wrath



**Very great anger;**

**Rage**

**B.** There is no rage like the **wrath** of an angry bear.

هیچ خشمی مثل **خشم** یک خرس عصبانی نیست.

# 4. wrath



**Very great anger;**

**Rage**

**C.** After Ernie's **wrath** subsided, we were able to tell him what happened.

بعد از اینکه **خشم** ارنی فروکش کرد، توانستیم به او بگوییم چه اتفاقی افتاده است.

# 5. expose



**Lay open;**  
**Uncover;**  
**Leave unprotected;**  
**Show openly**

**A.** Soldiers in an **open field** are **exposed** to the enemy's gunfire.

در یک **میدان باز**، سربازان در **معرض** تیر اندازی دشمن قرار دارند.

در یک **میدان باز**، سربازان در **تیررس** دشمن قرار دارند.

# 5. expose



**Lay open;**  
**Uncover;**  
**Leave unprotected;**  
**Show openly**

**B.** Foolish actions **expose** a person to the **sneers** of others.

کارهای احمقانه، انسان را در **معرض تمسخر و ریشخند** دیگران قرار می دهد.

# 5. expose



**Lay open;**  
**Uncover;**  
**Leave unprotected;**  
**Show openly**

**C.** The article **exposed** the vital document as a **forgery**.

این مقاله **جعلی بودن** سند مهم را **فاش کرد**.



# 6. legend



**Story coming from the past, which many people have believed;**

**What is written on a coin or below a picture**

**A.** Stories about King Arthur and his knights are **popular legends**.

داستان های شاه آرتور و شوالیه هایش، **افسانه های معروفی** هستند.

# 6. legend



**Story coming from the past, which many people have believed;**

**What is written on a coin or below a picture**

**B. legend** has exaggerated the size of Paul Bunyan.

افسانه ها در مورد جثه ی پل بانیان اغراق کرده اند.

# 6. legend



**Story coming from the past, which many people have believed;**

**What is written on a coin or below a picture**

**C.** The **legend** on the rare coin was **scarcely legible**.

نوشته های روی سکه کمیاب، به سختی قابل خواندن بود.

# 7. ponder

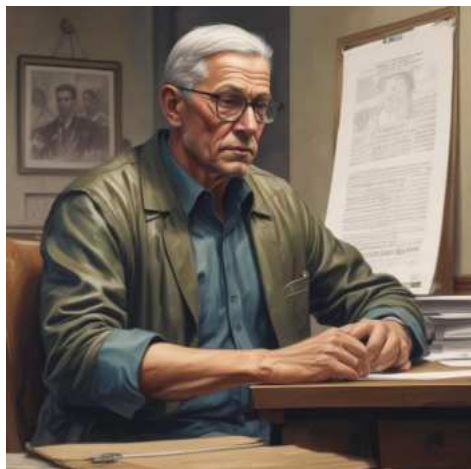


**Consider carefully**

**A.** Not wishing to act **hastily**, the **governor pondered** the problem for days.

فرماندار چون نمی خواست **شتاب زده** عمل کند روزها روی این مسئله **تامل کرد**.

# 7. ponder



**Consider carefully**

**B.** After **pondering** the question, the **board** decided to **grant** the parole.

هیئت مدیره بعد از **تامل** در مورد مسئله تصمیم گرفت عفو مشروط را **اعطاء** کند.

# 7. ponder



**Consider carefully**

C. The **villagers**, faced with a famine, **pondered** their next **move**.

روستائیان که با خشکسالی مواجه بودند، در مورد اقدام بعدی شان به دقت فکر کردند.

# 8. resign



**Give up;**

**Yield;**

**Submit**

**A.** Vito **resigned** his **position** as editor of the school **paper**.

ویتو از **سمت** ویراستاری **نشریه** ی مدرسه **استعفا** داد.

# 8. resign



**Give up;**

**Yield;**

**Submit**

**B.** Upon hearing the news of the defeat, the football coach promptly resigned.

مربی فوتبال با شنیدن خبر شکست فوراً استعفا داد.



# 8. resign



**Give up;**

**Yield;**

**Submit**

C. Upon examining the injury, the chiropractor told Jim he had better resign himself to a week in bed.

طبيب مفصلی بعد از معاینه جراحات ها به جیم گفت بهتر است به یک هفته استراحت در رختخواب تن در دهد.

# 9. **d**rastic



**Acting with force or violence**

**A.** The police took **drastic** measures to end the **crime wave**.

پلیس برای پایان بخشیدن به موج جنایات، اقدامات شدیدی انجام داد.

# 9. **d**rastic



**Acting with force or violence**

**B.** The most **drastic** changes **in centuries** have taken place during our **lifetime**.

**شدیدترین** تغییرات در طول قرن ها ، در طول **حیات** ما صورت گرفته است.

# 9. **d**rastic



**Acting with force or violence**

**C.** In the interests of justice, drastic action must be taken.

برای برقراری عدالت، اقدامات **شدیدی** باید اتخاذ شود.

# 10. wharf



**Platform built on the shore or out from the shore beside which ships can load or unload**

**A.** We watched the exhausted laborers unloading the cargo on the wharf.

کارگران خسته را هنگام تخلیه محموله ها در اسکله تماشا کردیم.

# 10. wharf



**Platform built on the shore or out from the shore beside which ships can load or unload**

**B.** The lawyer insisted that his client was never seen near the **wharf** where the crime had taken place.

وکیل مدافع اصرار داشت که موکلش هرگز نزدیک اسکله ای که جنایت در آن صورت گرفته بود دیده نشده است.

# 10. wharf



**Platform built on the shore or out from the shore beside which ships can load or unload**

**C.** Waiting at the wharf for the supply ships to unload was a starving multitude of people.

شمار زیادی از افراد گرسنه در اسکله، منتظر تخلیه ی بار کشتی های مواد غذایی بودند.

# 11. amend



**Change for the  
better;  
Correct;  
Change**

**A.** It is time you **amended** your ways.

وقت آن است که رفتارت را اصلاح کنی.



# 11. amend



**Change for the  
better;  
Correct;  
Change**

**B.** Each time they **amended** the plan;  
they made it worse.

هر بار که طرح را اصلاح کردند، آن را بدتر کردند.

# 11. amend



**Change for the  
better;  
Correct;  
Change**

**C.** Rather than **amend** the club's constitution again, let us discard it and start afresh.

به جای **اصلاح** مجدد اساسنامه ی باشگاه، بهتر است این اساسنامه را دور بیندازیم و از نو شروع کنیم.

# 12. **b**allot



**Piece of paper used in voting;**

**The whole number of votes cast;**

**The method of secret voting;**

**To vote or decide by using ballots**

**A.** Clyde, confident of victory, dropped his **ballot** into the box.

«کلاید» که از پیروزی خود مطمئن بود، **برگه ی رای** را داخل صندوق انداخت.

# 12. **b**allot



**Piece of paper used in voting;**

**The whole number of votes cast;**

**The method of secret voting;**

**To vote or decide by using ballots**

**B.** After we counted the **ballots** a second time, Leo's victory was confirmed.

بعد از این که **برگه ها** را برای بار دوم شمردیم، پیروزی «لئو» تایید شد.

# 12. **b**allot



**Piece of paper used in voting;**

**The whole number of votes cast;**

**The method of secret voting;**

**To vote or decide by using ballots**

**C.** To avoid embarrassing the candidates, we **ballot** instead of showing hands.

ما برای پرهیز از خجالت دادن نامزدها، به جای دست نشان دادن **رای می دهیم**.

# Words in Use

## A Time for Decision

Carl Brown walked wearily from the bus stop, his thoughts preoccupied with the day's events. He had become accustomed to receiving the blame for his colleagues' mistakes. He could remain complacent when less deserving workers were promoted ahead of him. He could even **maintain** an air of indifference when the young man, he had trained now **snubbed** him.

## زمانی برای تصمیم‌گیری

کارل براون در حالیکه افکارش درگیر وقایع روز بود، با خستگی از ایستگاه اتوبوس پیاده شد. او عادت کرده بود اشتباهات همکارانش را به گردن بگیرد. وقتی همکاران کم‌لیاقت‌تر از او ترفیع می‌گرفتند، او می‌توانست خودش را راضی نگه دارد. او حتی می‌توانست در برابر **تمسخر** مرد جوانی که زمانی او را آموزش داده بود، حالت بی‌تفاوتی و خونسردی خود را **حفظ کند**.

# Words in Use

What he could not **endure** was the ridicule of his fellow employees. His **wrath** flamed at the thought that his secret had been **exposed**. The **legend** of his honesty had died. Carl Brown **pondered** his next move. Should he **resign** or take even more **drastic** measures?

چیزی که نمی‌توانست **تحمل کند**، تمسخر همکارانش بود. **خشمش** از این فکر شعله‌ور شد که رازش **فاش** شده است. **افسانه‌ی** صداقتش مرده بود.

کارل براون در مورد حرکت بعدی خود **تامل کرد**. آیا باید **استعفا می‌داد** یا اقدامات **شدیدتری** انجام می‌داد؟

# Words in Use

His steps led past the **wharf** where the ships were unloading their cargoes of fruit. He looked into the dark waters and took a deep breath. No, this was not a sin that could be erased. He heaved a sigh and determined to **amend** his ways. Never again would he sign his **ballot** "Carl Smith."

قدم‌هایش از کنار **اسکله‌ای** که کشتی‌ها در حال تخلیه بارهای میوه خود بودند، عبور می‌کرد. به آب‌های تاریک نگاه کرد و نفس عمیقی کشید. نه، این گناهی نبود که بتوان آن را پاک کرد. آهی کشید و مصمم شد که راه و روش خود را **اصلاح** کند. او دیگر هرگز **برگه رأی** خود را با نام «کارل اسمیت» امضا نخواهد کرد.



# Fill in the Blanks

1. When the third person she approached turned away from her, Marilyn had a vague feeling she was being snubbed.
2. Achilles' wrath did not **cease** until he had taken revenge on the **slayer** of his friend.
3. As the captain pondered their situation, he realized that resistance was in vain.
4. Father maintained that all forms of gambling should be declared illegal.
5. The prophet warned that the land cannot endure such **violations** of morality.
6. To diminish the chances of raising **weaklings**, the ancient Spartans used to expose to the elements the babies that they did not want.

# Fill in the Blanks

7. The Robin Hood stories are a good illustration of a legend from the Middle Ages.
8. The ballot is the symbol of the democratic way of choosing leaders.
9. Because of the **secret nature** of the cargo, visits to the wharf area were prohibited.
10. The patriot was resigned dying for his **deed**.
11. We are trying to persuade the **sponsors** of the bill to amend it in order to improve its chances for **passage**.
12. The **guinea** pigs could not **put up** with drastic changes in their diet.

# Picture It

Which of the words Studied in this lesson is suggested by the picture?



# Creativity Exercise

**Now Make up your own sentences. One of each of the new words you have just been taught.**

1. -----.
2. -----.
3. -----.
4. -----.
5. -----.
6. -----.
7. -----.
8. -----.
9. -----.
10. -----.
11. -----.
12. -----.

**Lessons 37-42**

# **Word Review**

# WORD REVIEW

1. It was (legible, customary) for Mrs. Thorpe to leave her baby at our house when she went shopping.
2. Only a (drastic, deliberate) change in the weather can save our city from the flood.
3. Don't (jeopardize, rehabilitate) your future by doing something now that you may be sorry for later.
4. After the (parole, tumult) **died down**, the prisoners went back to their cells quietly.
5. Lucille thought that she could (ponder, endure) great pain, but a visit to the dentist changed her mind.

# WORD REVIEW

6. While walking across the **lawn**, I got (drenched, scalded) by the cold-water **sprinkler**.
7. After the waters (receded, abided), we walked up and down the beach looking for interesting **shells**.
8. Our chances for success (dwindled, coincided) **with each passing day**.
9. When Sheldon reached the (summit, potential) of the mountain, he rested before trying to come down.
10. I was too (resigned, preoccupied) with my work to pay attention to the television set.

# OPPOSITES

In Column I are ten words from Lessons 37-42. Match them correctly with their opposite meanings in Column II.

Column I	Column II	Answers
surplus	shortage	shortage
heed	bury	refuse to listen
unearth	written	bury
magnify	refuse to listen	make smaller
amend	leave the same	leave the same
oral	arrive	written
depart	split up	arrive
unify	happiness	split up
wrath	stand up straight	happiness
kneel	make smaller	stand up straight



## Choose the best answer

Which of the vocabulary words in parentheses fits best in these newspaper headlines?

1. Search Is on for \_\_\_\_\_ to Millionaire's Fortune

Verdict

Heir

Obstacle

Surplus

2. False "Arabs" \_\_\_\_\_ Member of Congress

Heed

Expose

Endure

Ponder

3. \_\_\_\_\_ of Measles Breaks Out in County

Summit

Swarm

Potential

Epidemic

4. Accused of \_\_\_\_\_ Attempt to Sell Secrets

Legible

Customary

Majestic

Deliberate

5. \_\_\_\_\_ History of Tribe to Be Tape-Recorded

Oral

Drastic

Complacent

Negative

## Choose the best answer

Which of the vocabulary words in parentheses fits best in these newspaper headlines?

6. Bad Economic News Causes \_\_\_\_\_ at Stock Market

Charity

Multitude

Verdict

Tumult

7. Major Refuses to \_\_\_\_\_ by Previous Agreement

Unify

Abide

Recede

Snub

8. Forced to \_\_\_\_ Tonight's Show, Apologizes producer

Magnify

Cancel

Unify

Nominate

9. Prisons Fail to \_\_\_\_\_, Charges **Social Work Expert**

Rehabilitate

Jeopardize

Amend

Dwindle

10. Tells Life Story of Michael Jackson \_\_\_\_\_

Clergy

Ballot

Biography

Indifference

# WORD REVIEW

From the list below choose the word that means:

vandal	wobble	indifference	endure	pension
legend	coincide	swarm	tumult	ballot
complacent	drench	maintain	legible	municipal
abide	nominate	snub	obesity	wasp
multitude	potential	dwindle	placard	contagious
transparent	verdict	rehabilitate	resign	surplus

1. the exercise of a democratic **privilege** and may be done by **sophisticated** machinery or simply by a piece of paper **ballot**

2. a **stinging** insect and also is a well-known acronym, an abbreviation whose letters stand for the name of a group **wasp**

3. a condition caused by overeating and comes from a Latin word meaning "**to eat away**" **obesity**

4. can be used but figuratively can mean able to be clearly seen or noticed **legible**

# WORD REVIEW

From the list below choose the word that means:

vandal	wobble	indifference	endure	pension
legend	coincide	swarm	tumult	ballot
complacent	drench	maintain	legible	municipal
abide	nominate	snub	obesity	wasp
multitude	potential	dwindle	placard	contagious
transparent	verdict	rehabilitate	resign	surplus

5. a person who **defaces** or damages public property and is based on the name of a German tribe that destroyed Rome in A.D. 455 **vandal**

6. gradually decrease to a vanishing point and **rhymes with swindle** **dwindle**

7. move like a **dazed** boxer and also may refer to the **trembling** or shaking of one's voice **wobble**

8. **saturate** or wet **through and through** and is closely related to the word drink **drench**

# WORD REVIEW

From the list below choose the word that means:

vandal	wobble	indifference	endure	pension
legend	coincide	swarm	tumult	ballot
complacent	drench	maintain	legible	municipal
abide	nominate	snub	obesity	wasp
multitude	potential	dwindle	placard	contagious
transparent	verdict	rehabilitate	resign	surplus

9. a story **handed down** from **early times** as well as a key or explanation on a map, or picture  
**legend**

10. restore a person to **usefulness** and **normalcy** as well as **restore** a building or a neighborhood that **has fallen upon bad times**  
**rehabilitate**

# WORD REVIEW

Fill in the blanks with those words selected from the group below:

abide	deprived	heed	legend	transparent
amend	drastic	heir	obstacle	tumult
customary	drenched	indifference	potential	tyrant
deliberate	dwindling	rehabilitate	surplus	wrath

The 20th century is heir to the most memorable events in world history—**skyrocketing population**, fantastic advances in medicine, science, and technology, two world wars and, shamefully, the greatest **stain** on the **record** of mankind, the Holocaust. This incredible calamity that took the lives of six million innocent people, almost one-third of them children, was the **brainchild** of Adolf Hitler, the head of the Nazi Party in Germany from 1933 to 1945.

# WORD REVIEW

Fill in the blanks with those words selected from the group below:

abide	deprived	heed	legend	transparent
amend	drastic	heir	obstacle	tumult
customary	drenched	indifference	potential	tyrant
deliberate	dwindling	rehabilitate	surplus	wrath

With thoroughness and efficiency, this tyrant and his willing henchmen organized and carried out a deliberate program of annihilation against the Jewish people in Germany and the countries he conquered during World War II. The Holocaust drenched the soil of Europe with Jewish blood, as the Nazis, often with the cooperation of the local population, built concentration camps where the killing took place.

# WORD REVIEW

Fill in the blanks with those words selected from the group below:

abide	deprived	heed	legend	transparent
amend	drastic	heir	obstacle	tumult
customary	drenched	indifference	potential	tyrant
deliberate	dwindling	rehabilitate	surplus	wrath

At first, the Nazis deprived the Jews of their civil rights. Then they adopted more drastic measures, ending with the notorious concentration camps. Then came the roundups. Jewish families were brutally dragged from their homes in the dead of night, packed into cattle cars, and sent to distant concentration camps throughout Europe, primarily in Poland.

Many thousands died from starvation, disease, and torture even before they reached their destination. The survivors were divided into two groups.



# WORD REVIEW

Fill in the blanks with those words selected from the group below:

abide	deprived	heed	legend	transparent
amend	drastic	heir	obstacle	tumult
customary	drenched	indifference	potential	tyrant
deliberate	dwindling	rehabilitate	surplus	wrath

Those capable of working were **assigned** to Nazi factories, where they were **literally** worked to death, and the others were immediately sent to the **gas chambers**. The mass killings, at first carried out by **death squads** in front of open graves, were speeded up with more sophisticated killing devices. Desperate efforts made by Jewish groups in the United States and elsewhere to stop the **senseless** slaughter of their **kinsmen** were met with indifference by the **Allies**.

# WORD REVIEW

Fill in the blanks with those words selected from the group below:

abide	deprived	heed	legend	transparent
amend	drastic	heir	obstacle	tumult
customary	drenched	indifference	potential	tyrant
deliberate	dwindling	rehabilitate	surplus	wrath

This tragic event is no myth or legend, though some skeptics pay no heed to the mountains of evidence—the dwindling number of survivors who still have their concentration camp number tattooed on their arms, the pictures from the daily papers of that time, the mounds of shoes, hair, gold teeth discovered by the Allied soldiers who liberated the concentration camp inmates, and, most convincing of all, the disappearance of six million Jews who once lived in hundreds of cities and towns throughout Europe.

# WORD REVIEW

## Words That Do Double Duty

The following words in Lessons 37-42 are capable of serving as more than one part of speech.

surplus	(n., adj.)	negative	(n., adj.)
deliberate	(adj., v.)	pension	(n., v.)
summit	(n., adj.)	parole	(n., v.)
swarm	(n., v.)	snub	(n., v.)
wobble	(n., v.)	ballot	(n., v.)

Make up two sentences for each of the above words, showing how it could be used as two different parts of speech.

Examples: My little brother seems to have a **surplus** (adj.) of energy that he must **exhaust** before he goes to sleep.

Our recent **walkathon** left us with a handy **surplus** (n.) that we will **donate** to a **charitable cause**.